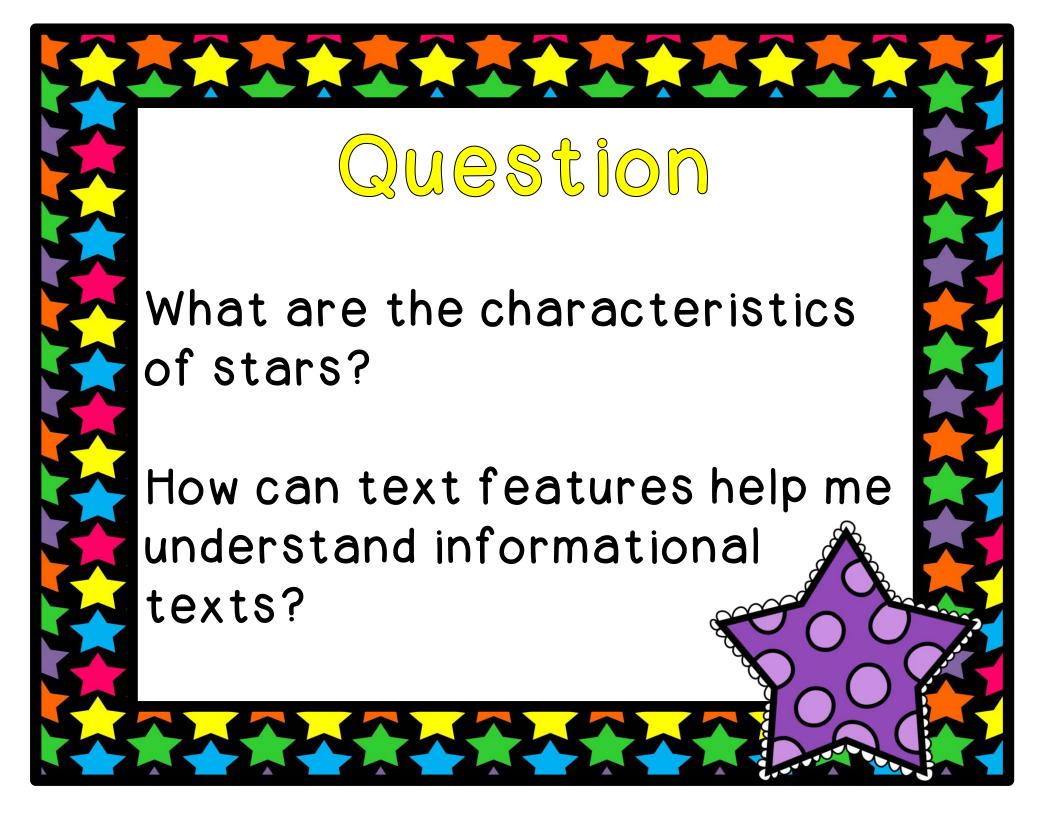




- 1. Anchor charts
- 2. Nonfiction mini-reader
- 3. Comprehension questions to accompany mini-reader
- 4. Vocabulary cards for word wall
- 5. "Stars" concept map (one for girls and one for boys)
- 6 "Stars" writing stationary (one for girls and one for boys.)
- 7 "Starburst" candy graph (Be sure to buy a big bag of Starbursts and give students some in a baggie. The individual packs of Starburst have 3 of each color. Not good for graphing!)
- 8. "Stars" comprehension scoot with answer sheets.

Suggested Additional Literature
Stars by Martha Rustad
The Stars by Patricia Whitehouse







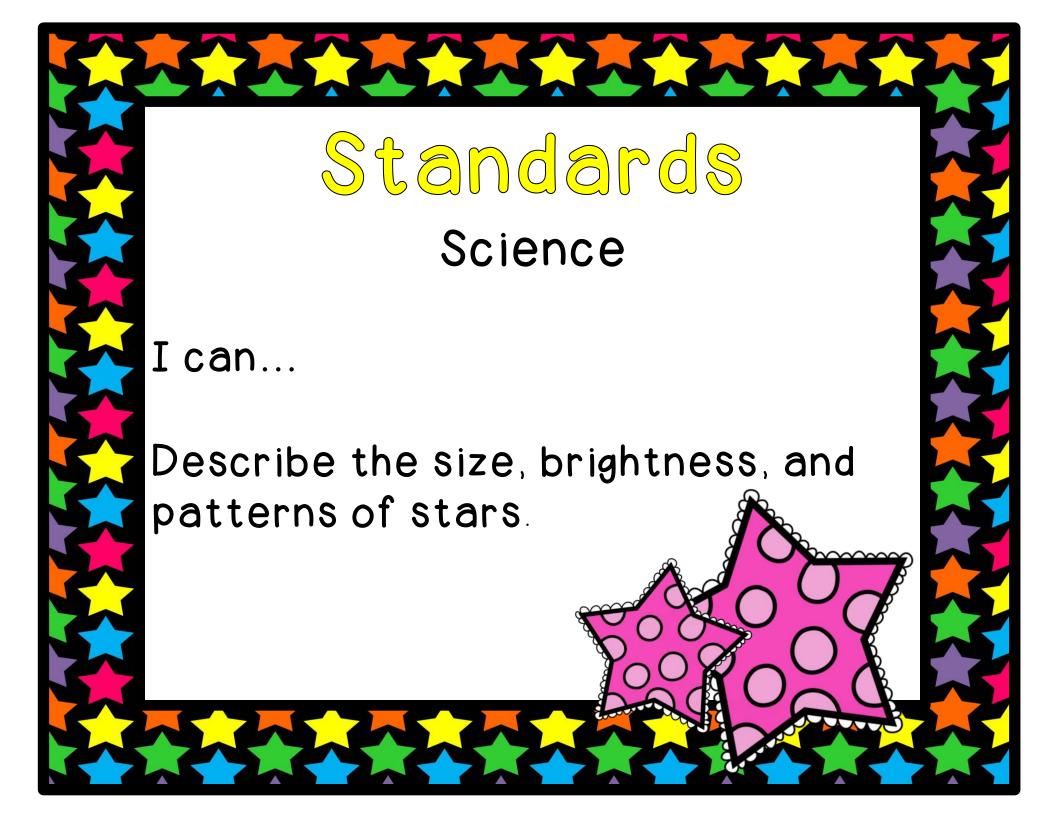
Language Arts

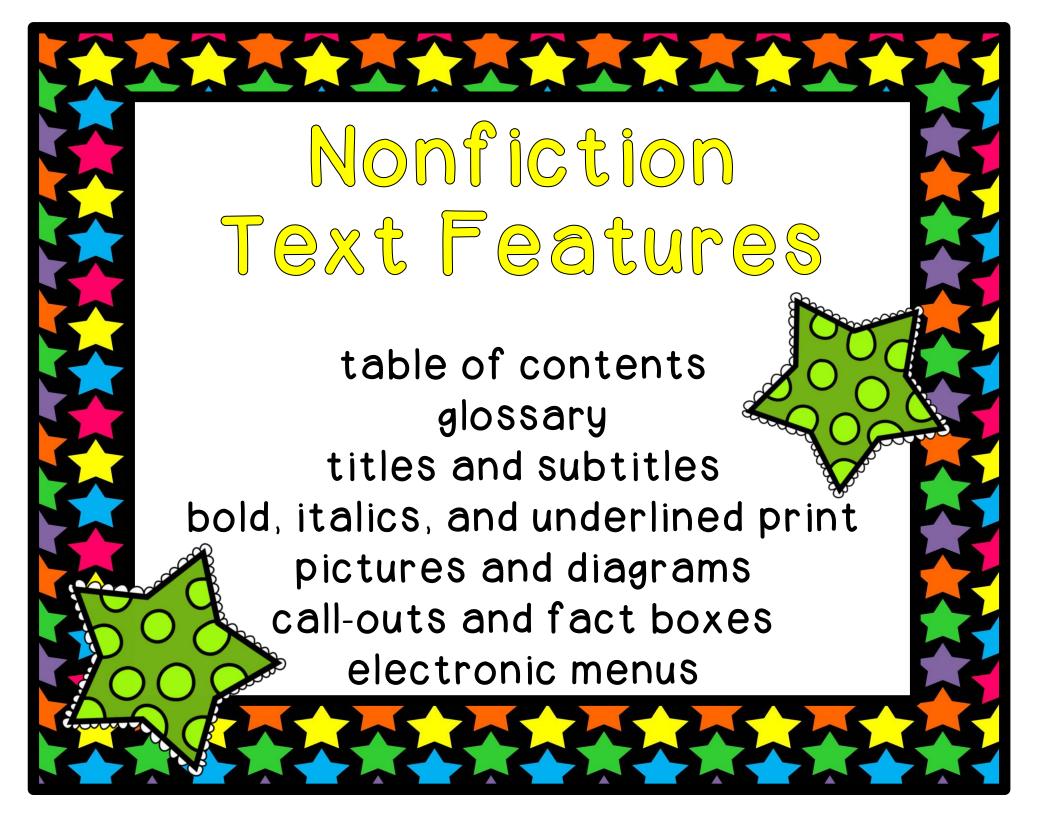
I can...

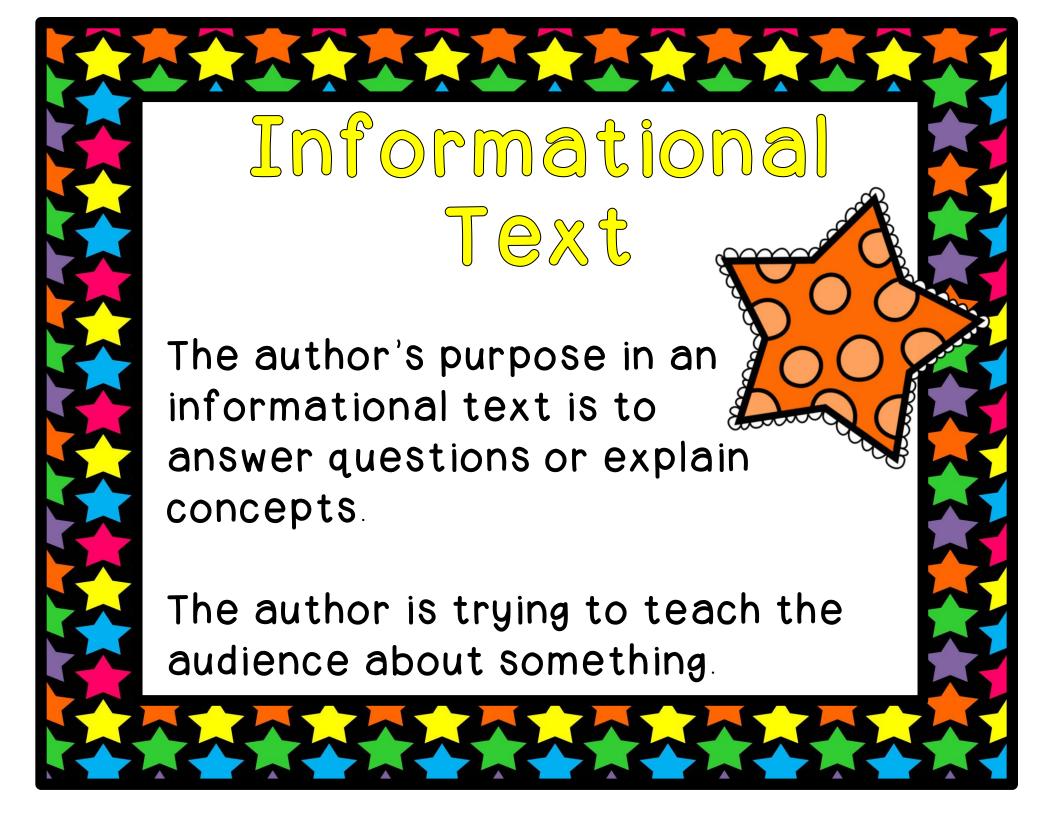
Ask and answer questions to show I understand the key details in a text.

Know and use various text features to understand a text.

Identify the main purpose of a text.







6.

Glossary

constellation- a group of stars that make a picture or shape in the sky.

explode- to blow up.

galaxies-large clusters of stars.

<u>nebula-</u> a cloud of gas in space where new stars are formed.

stars-balls of hot, burning gases in the sky.

sun-the star closest to the Earth.

<u>supernova</u>- the explosion of a very big star.

telescope-a piece of equipment scientists use to see objects that are very far away.

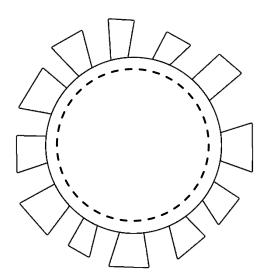
temperature- how hot or cold an object is.





What are stars?

Stars are balls of hot gases. There are many stars in the sky. It looks like stars are small, but they are really very big. Stars are round. The sun is the star closest to the Earth. and that is why the sun looks so big. Even though the sun is the closest star to Earth, it is still millions of miles away.

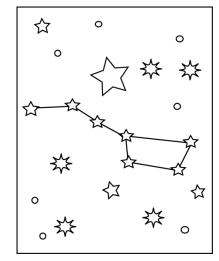


The other stars look tiny because they are very far away from Earth.

Constellations

A long time ago, people looked into the night sky and began to see shapes and pictures in the stars. They gave the shapes names and created stories to tell about the shapes Every shape has a story behind it.

The stars that form pictures or shapes are called constellations. When you look up at the stars can you see different pictures or shapes?



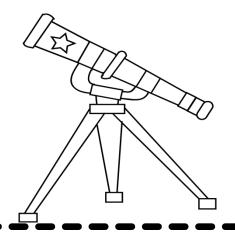
Galaxies

Groups of stars are called galaxies.

Our sun and the other stars around our planet make up the Milky Way galaxy.

There are many galaxies in space Scientists can see some of them with telescopes, but some of them are too far away for us to see from Earth Galaxies can be large or small

The scientist Galileo was one of the first people to look through a telescope and see all of the many stars in our galaxy.



The Colors of Stars

Stars may all look the same color to us, but they can be different colors. A star's color depends on its temperature. An object's temperature is how hot or cold it is.

Stars can be white, red, yellow, or blue. Red stars have the lowest temperature. Yellow stars are warmer than red. White stars are warmer than yellow, and blue stars are the hottest.

Hottest

Lowest Temperature blue

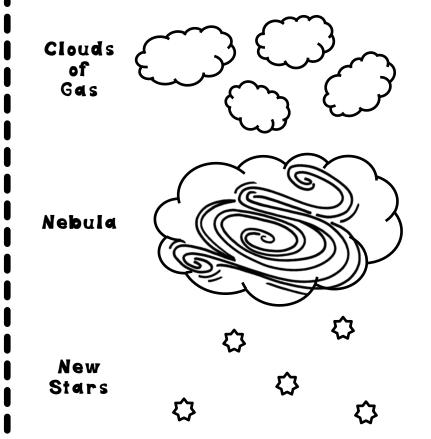
white

yellow

red

The Life of a Star

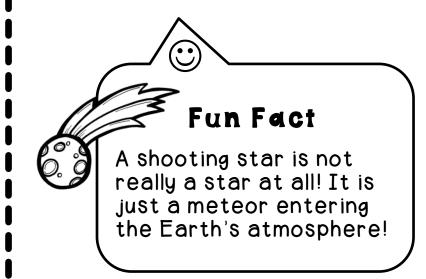
There are many clouds of gas floating around in outer space A cloud of gas is called a <u>nebula</u>. When these clouds begin pressing together they get very hot and begin to make light. This is how a star is formed. It takes millions of years for a star to be made.



The clouds of gas that make up a star contain energy. The energy begins to change after billions of years.

Sometimes small stars lose gas and become smaller and smaller. They become white dwarfs. When they lose too much gas and begin to die, they may join together to make a nebula.

Large stars often explode when they die This explosion is called a supernova



0		0
0	Stars	0
0	Name Date	0
0	1. What are stars?	0
0		0
0	2. How can scientists tell which stars are the hottest?	
0		
0	3. What colors are stars?	
0	4. Describe how a star is born	0
0		0
0		0
	5. How do stars die?	0
0	6. What is a galaxy?	
0	7. 2/1/10 10 20 11 20 20 11 20 20 11 20 21	0
0	7. Why does the sun look larger to us than all the other stars?	
0		
0	8. What is a shooting star?	
0		
0	9. In what galaxy is Earth?	0
0	 -~	
		O

constellation

star

galaxy

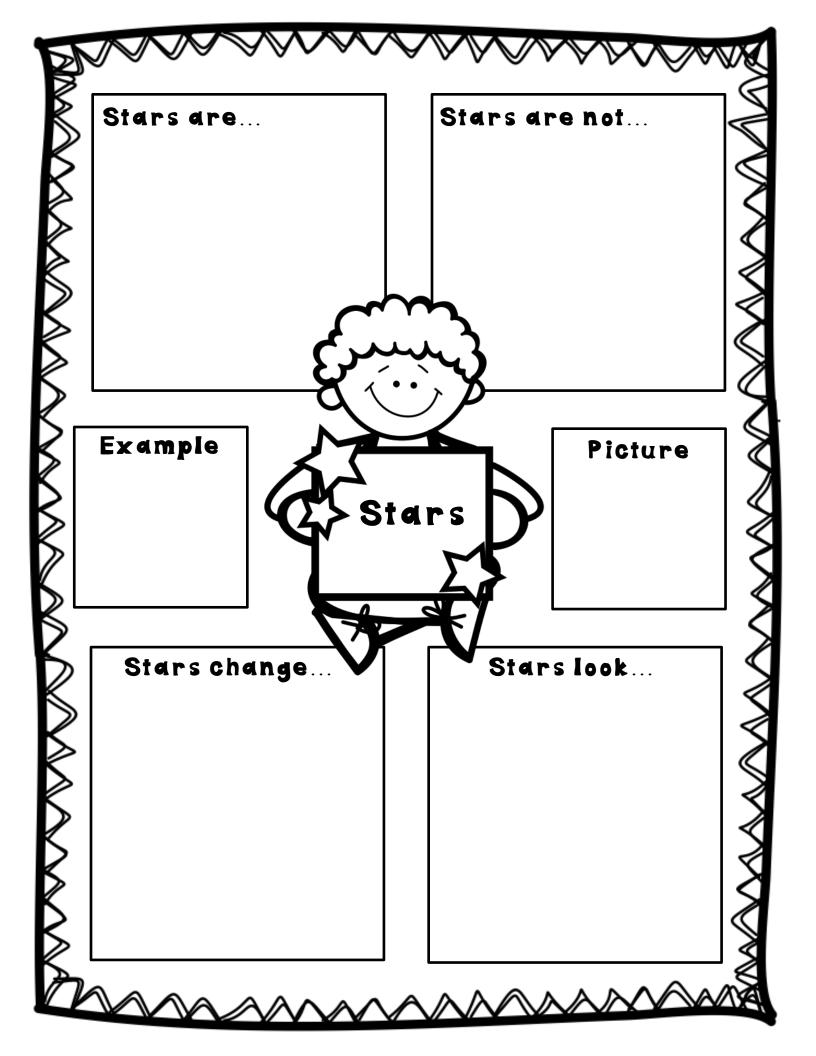
nebula

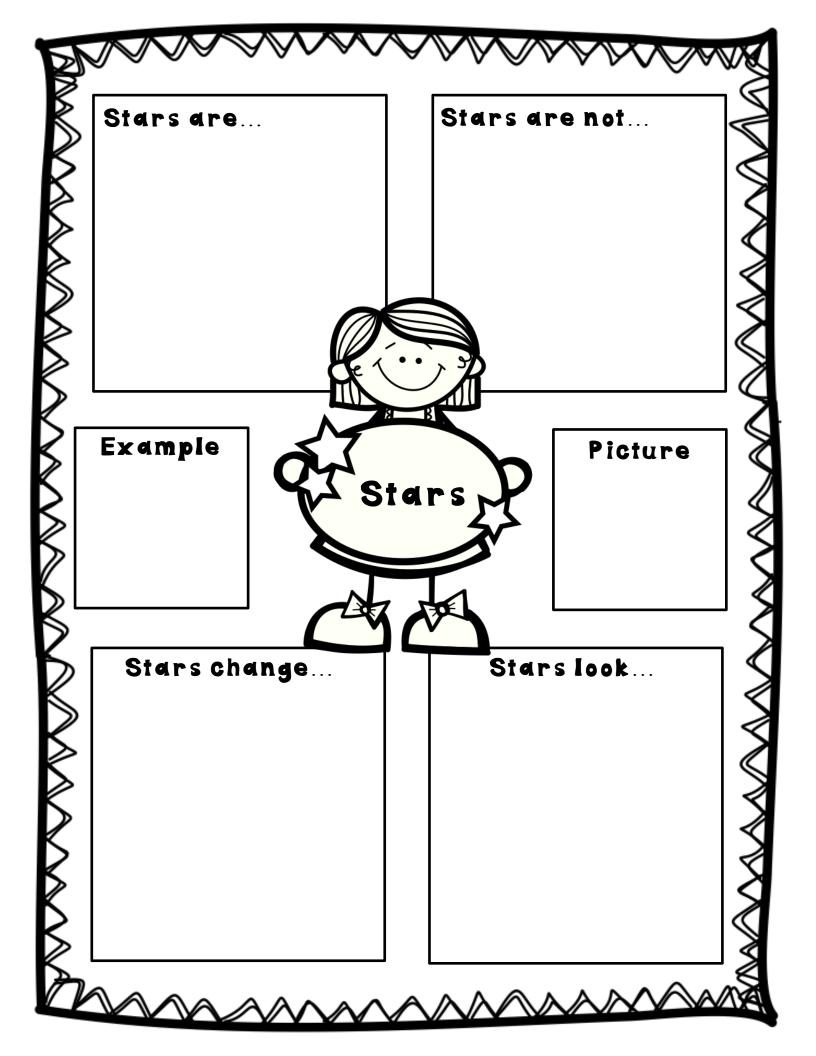
energy

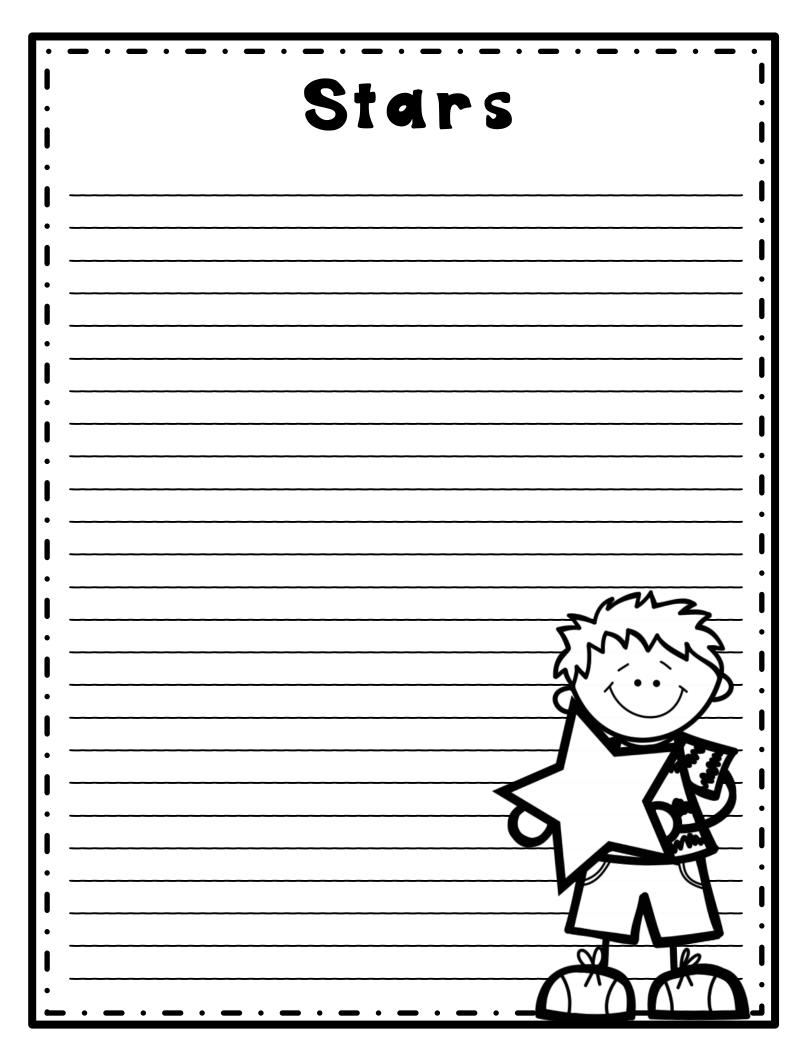
telescope

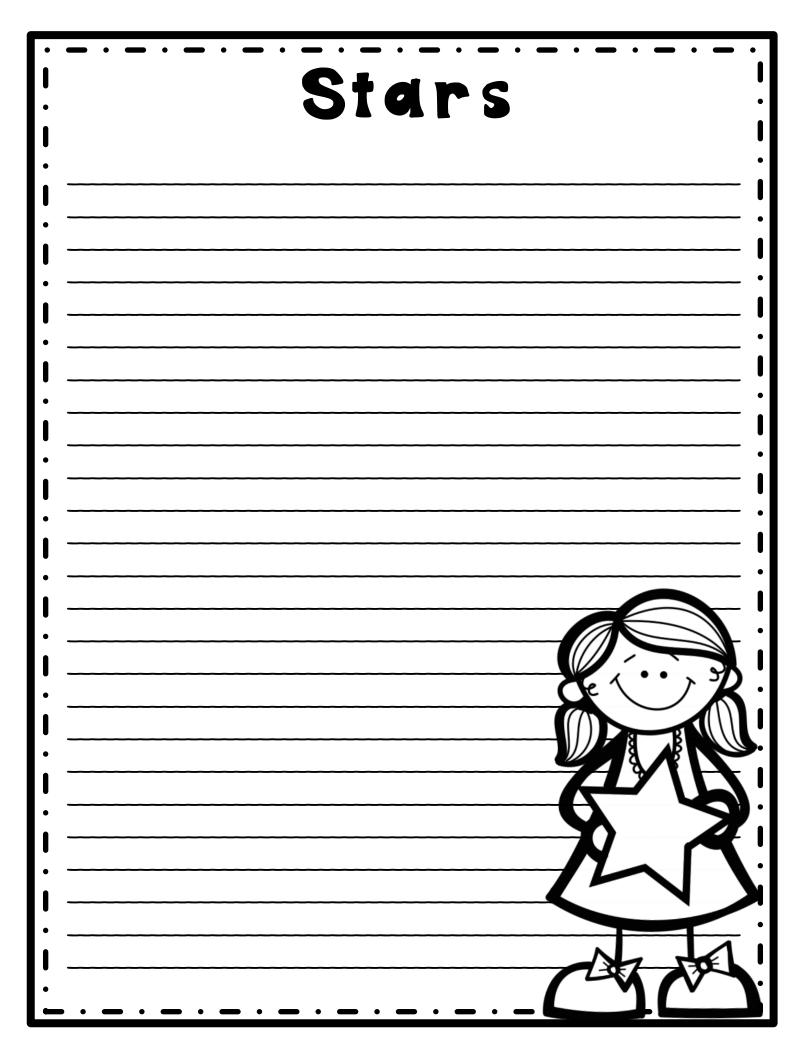
SUPERNOVE

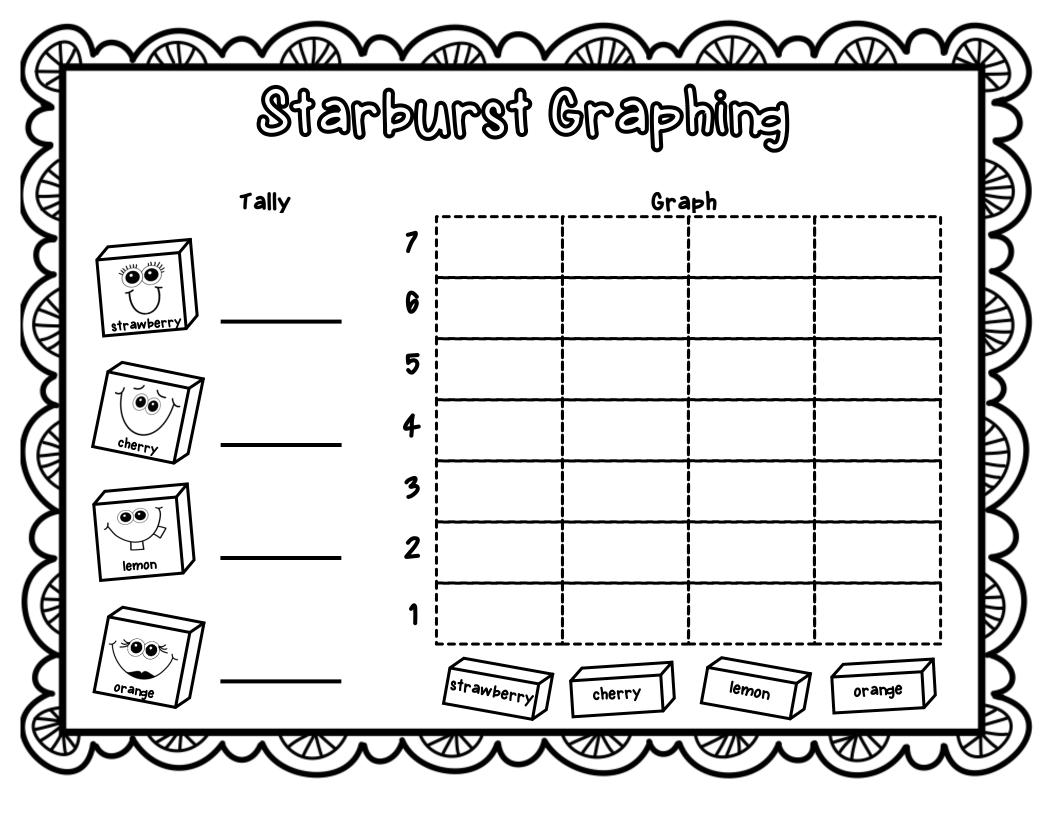
explode explode







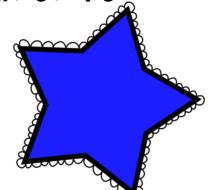




Time to Interpret! 1. How many pieces of candy are represented on the graph? 2. Which flavor do you have the most of? ____ 3. Which flavor do you have the least of? 4. Write a subtraction sentence with the answers from #2 and #3. - = 5. How many cherry and orange Starburst candies do you have? 6. How many lemon, strawberry, and orange Starburst candies do you have? 7. Do you have an equal amount of any flavors? _____ If so, what are they? 8. What is your favorite flavor? 9. How many do you have of your favorite flavor? ____ 10. Write a math sentence that is true about your graph.



- A. Stars are small planets.
- B. Stars are all the same color.
- C. Stars are balls of gases.



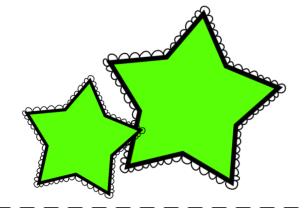
2. What is the star closest to Earth?

- A. Sun
- B. Moon
- C. Orion



3. What color are the hottest stars?

- A. white
- B. yellow
- C. blue



- 4. What is a nebula?
- A. a cloud of gas in space
- B. an explosion
- C. a black hole



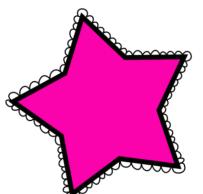
- 5. When clouds of gas in space join together and get very hot what can happen?
- A. a comet can form
- B. a star can form
- C. a star can die



- A. nebulas
- **B.** constellations
- C. gases

7. What happens when some stars die?

- A. They fall to the Earth.
- B. They turn into ashes.
- C. They explode.



8. What is a galaxy?

- A. a large planet
- B. agroup of moons
- C. a cluster of stars



- 4. Why does the sun look bigger than all the other stars?
- A. It is closest to the Earth.
- B. It is much bigger than other stars.
- C. It makes more light than the other stars.

10. What galaxy is the Earth in?

A. The Big Dipper

B. The Milky Way

C. The Neptune



11. What is not true about stars?



B. There are billions of stars in the sky.

C. Stars are shaped like hexagons.

12. What instrument do scientists use to see stars that are far away?

A. telescope

B. microscope

C. magnifying glass

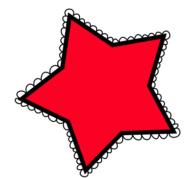


13. What are shooting stars?

- A. Stars that are about to die.
- B. Meteors entering the Earth's atmosphere.
- C. Pieces of stars that have broken off.

14. What is the explosion of a star called?

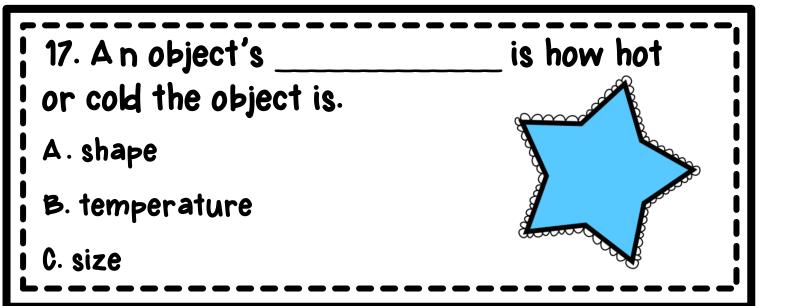
- A. Superstar
- **B.** Constellation
- C. Supernova



- 15. Why do most stars look tiny in the sky?
- A. They are very far away.
- B. They are baby stars.
- C. They are very dim.

16. Who was one of the first scientists to use a telescope to study the stars?

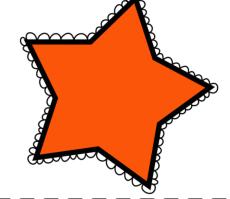
- A. Galileo
- B. Neil Armstrong
- C. Ben Franklin





19. What color are stars that have the lowest temperature?

- A. blue
- B. red
- C. yellow



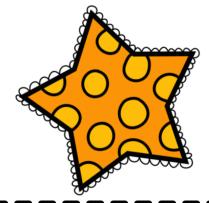
20. What color can a star not be?

- A. purple
- B. white
- C. blue



21. What is something a star contains?

- A. water
- B. energy
- C. crystals





Name

Stars

Information Story Scoot

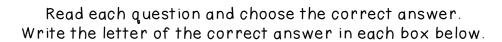
Read each question and choose the correct answer. Write the letter of the correct answer in each box below.

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.
7.	8.	9.
10.	11.	12.
13.	14.	15.
16.	17.	18.
19.	20.	21.



Stars

Answers



1. C	2. 🙏	3. C
4. A	5. B	6. B
7. C	8. C	9. A
10. B	11. C	12. A
13. B	14. C	15. A
16. A	17. B	18. C
19. B	20. A	21. B

Name

Thank You!

For purchasing my activity pack!

I hope your students enjoy it!

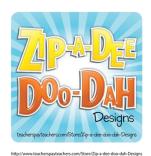
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